RealTime (RT) Kernel

basierend auf : https://www.raspberrypi.com/documentation/computers/linux_kernel.html#building

Compilieren

- `sudo apt install git bc bison flex libssl-dev make libncurses5-dev` #I think this is all the tools required
- `mkdir kernel && cd kernel/`
- `git clone --depth=1 --branch rpi-6.12.y https://github.com/raspberrypi/linux`
- `wget https://mirrors.edge.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/projects/rt/6.12/patch-6.12.39-rt11.patch.gz` https://mirrors.edge.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/projects/rt/6.12/
- `cd linux/`
- `zcat ../patch-6.12.39-rt11.patch.gz | patch -p1 --dry-run` #check the patch fits
- `zcat ../patch-6.12.39-rt11.patch.gz | patch -p1`
- `KERNEL=kernel8`
- `make ARCH=arm64 bcm2711_defconfig`
- `make ARCH=arm64 menuconfig`
  - ```
    General setup  --->
    ```
  - ```
            Preemption Model (Preemptible Kernel (Low-Latency Desktop))  --->
        [*] Fully Preemptible Kernel (Real-Time)
        [ ] Preemption behaviour defined on boot
    ```
  - CPU Power Management aus !
  - Beim Exit Config Save → Yes
- `nano .config` `CONFIG_LOCALVERSION="-V8_DrKlipper_RT"`
  - ! Hier auf gar keinen Fall Leerzeichen einbauen. Gibt sonst am Ende Compile und Kopierfehler!
- `time make -j6 ARCH=arm64 Image.gz modules dtbs`
  - CPU Cores * 1,5 → `nproc`

Lokale Installation

echo $KERNEL sudo make modules_install sudo cp arch/arm64/boot/dts/broadcom/*.dtb /boot/ sudo cp arch/arm64/boot/dts/overlays/*.dtb* /boot/overlays/ sudo cp arch/arm64/boot/dts/overlays/README /boot/overlays/ sudo cp arch/arm64/boot/Image.gz /boot/$KERNEL.img

Kopier Installation

- **Der erste Part passiert auf einem Raspberry Pi 4 - Kompilierzeit ca. 2 Stunden**
- USB Stick mounten
  ```
  sudo mkdir /mnt/copy
  sudo mount -t ext4 /dev/sdb1 /mnt/copy
  sudo chown -R pi:pi /mnt/copy
  ```
- Module kopieren
  ```
  sudo make ARCH=arm64 INSTALL_MOD_PATH=/mnt/copy modules_install
  ```
- Overlays und Kernel kopieren
  ```
  sudo mkdir -p /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/overlays
  sudo cp arch/arm64/boot/Image.gz /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/$KERNEL.img
  sudo cp arch/arm64/boot/dts/broadcom/*.dtb /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/
  sudo cp arch/arm64/boot/dts/overlays/*.dtb*
  /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/overlays/
  sudo cp arch/arm64/boot/dts/overlays/README
  /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/overlays/
  ```
- `sudo umount /mnt/copy/`
- **Der zweite Part dann auf dem Raspberry Pi Zero 2W**
- Libs kopieren
  ```
  sudo cp -r /mnt/copy/lib/modules/* /lib/modules/
  ```
- Kernel und Overlays kopieren
  ```
  KERNEL=kernel8
  sudo cp -n /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/*.dtb /boot/firmware/
  sudo cp -n /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/overlays/*.dtb*
  /boot/firmware/overlays/
  sudo cp -n /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/overlays/README
  /boot/firmware/overlays/
  sudo cp /mnt/copy/boot/firmware/$KERNEL.img /boot/firmware/$KERNEL.img
  ```

''

- `sudo reboot`

Links

- https://www.raspberrypi.com/documentation/computers/linux_kernel.html
- Ursprung: https://forums.raspberrypi.com/viewtopic.php?t=344994
- https://blog.emlid.com/raspberry-pi-real-time-kernel/
- ISO erstellen mit RT Kernel
  https://github.com/remusmp/rpi-rt-kernel

From:
https://drklipper.de/ - **Dr. Klipper Wiki**

Permanent link:
https://drklipper.de/doku.php?id=projekte:sekwai:rt_kernel

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